The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

- 1. A plating bath for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece in a through-mask plating application at a rate of at least 2 μm/min, said bath comprising:
 - (a) $50-85 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+}$;
 - (b) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2SO_4$;
 - (c) $30-150 \text{ ppm of Cl}^-$;
 - (d) a brightener;
 - (e) a wetting agent; and
 - (f) water.
 - 2. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the source of Cu^{2+} is $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$.
 - 3. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the concentration of Cu^{2+} is 60-70 g/L.
 - 4. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the concentration of H_2SO_4 is 75-85 g/L.
 - 5. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the source of Cl— is HCl
 - 6. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the concentration of Cl— is 60-110 ppm.
 - 7. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the concentration of brightener is 2-8 ml/L.
- 8. The bath of Claim 1, wherein the concentration of wetting agent is 2-10 ml/L.
- 9. A plating bath for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece in a through-mask plating application at a rate of at least 2 μm/min, said bath comprising:
 - (a) $50-85 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+}$;
 - (b) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2\text{SO}_4$;
 - (c) 30-150 ppm of Cl—;
 - (d) a brightener;
 - (e) a wetting agent;
 - (f) a leveler; and
 - (g) water.

- 10. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the source of Cu²⁺ is CuSO₄•5H₂O.
- 11. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the concentration of Cu^{2+} is 60-70 g/L.
- 12. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the concentration of H_2SO_4 is 70-85 g/L.
- 13. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the source of Cl— is HCl.
- 14. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the concentration of Cl— is 60-110 ppm.
- 15. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the concentration of brightener is 2-8 ml/L.
- 16. The bath of Claim 9, wherein the concentration of wetting agent is 2-10 ml/L.
 - 17. The bath of Claim 9 wherein the concentration of leveler is 1-6 ml/L.
- 18. A plating bath for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece through a photoresist mask, said bath comprising:
 - (a) Cu^{2+} ;
 - (b) H_2SO_4 ;
 - (c) $C1^{-}$;
 - (d) a brightener;
 - (e) a wetting agent; and
 - (f) water,

the bath exhibiting a droplet contact angle with the photoresist of less than 20 degrees.

- 19. A plating bath for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece through a photoresist mask, said bath comprising:
 - (a) Cu^{2+} ;
 - (b) H_2SO_4 ;
 - (c) $C1^{-}$;
 - (d) a brightener;
 - (e) a wetting agent; and
 - (f) water,

- (g) the bath exhibiting a surface tension ranging from 45-60 dyne/cm at 20°C.
- 20. A process for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece in a through-mask plating application at a rate of at least 2 μm/min, said process comprising:
 - (a) providing a plating bath comprising:
 - (1) $50-85 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+};$
 - (2) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2SO_4$;
 - (3) $30-150 \text{ ppm of Cl}^{--}$;
 - (4) a brightener;
 - (5) a wetting agent; and
 - (6) water;
- (b) providing a microelectronic workpiece having one or more through-mask openings with a conductive layer at the bottom of said opening;
 - (c) contacting said conductive layer with said plating bath;
- (d) providing electroplating power between said conductive layer and an anode disposed in electrical contact with said bath; and
- (e) depositing copper onto said conductive layer at a rate of at least 2 $\mu m/min$.
- 21. The process of Claim 20, wherein the current density of said electroplating power is 100-300 mA/cm².
- 22. The process of Claim 21, wherein the current density of said electroplating power is 150-220 mA/cm².
- 23. The process of Claim 20, wherein the waveform of said electroplating power is a DC and a pulse with a 10-50% duty cycle at 50-1000 Hz.
- 24. The process of Claim 20, wherein said workpiece is rotated at a speed of 20-200 revolutions per minute and wherein said bath flows against said workpiece at a flow rate of 1-10 gallons per minute.
 - 25. The process of Claim 20, wherein said bath has a temperature of 25-35°C.

- 26. The process of Claim 20, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature having a smooth surface morphology.
- 27. The process of Claim 20, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature that has a substantially flat surface.
- 28. The process of Claim 20, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature that has a thickness variation of less than 10%.
- 29. A process for electroplating copper on a microelectronic workpiece in a through-mask plating application at a rate of at least 2 μ m/min, said process comprising:
 - (a) providing a plating bath comprising:
 - (1) $50-85 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+}$;
 - (2) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2\text{SO}_4$;
 - (3) $30-150 \text{ ppm of Cl}^-$;
 - (4) a brightener;
 - (5) a wetting agent;
 - (6) a leveler; and
 - (7) water;
- (b) providing a microelectronic workpiece having one or more through-mask openings with a conductive layer at the bottom of said opening;
 - (c) contacting said conductive layer with said plating bath;
- (d) providing electroplating power between said conductive layer and an anode disposed in electrical contact with said bath; and
- (e) depositing copper onto said conductive layer at a rate of at least $2 \mu m/min$.
- 30. The process of Claim 29 wherein the current density of said electroplating power is 100-300 mA/cm².
- 31. The process of Claim 30 wherein the current density of said electroplating power is 150-220 mA/cm².

- 32. The process of Claim 29 wherein the waveform of said electroplating power is a DC and a pulse with a 10-50% duty cycle at 50-1000 Hz.
- 33. The process of Claim 29 wherein said workpiece is rotated at a speed of 20-200 revolutions per minute and wherein said bath flows against said workpiece at a flow rate of 1-10 gallons per minute.
 - 34. The process of Claim 29 wherein said bath has a temperature of 25-35°C.
- 35. The process of Claim 30, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature having a smooth surface morphology.
- 36. The process of Claim 30, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature that has a substantially flat surface.
- 37. The process of Claim 30, wherein the depositing step further comprising depositing copper to form a deposited feature that has a thickness variation of less than 10%.
- 38. A process for forming solder bumps on a microelectronic workpiece, said process comprising:
- (a) providing a workpiece comprising a silicon wafer, one or more chip pads, and a passivation layer;
- (b) applying over said chip pads and said passivation layer a diffusion barrier and a conductive layer;
- (c) applying over said conductive layer a photoresist layer and then removing portions of said photoresist layer to create openings in said photoresist layer thereby exposing portions of said conductive layer at the bottom of said openings;
 - (d) providing a plating bath comprising:
 - (1) $50-85 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+};$
 - (2) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2\text{SO}_4$;
 - (3) 30-150 ppm of Cl;
 - (4) a brightener;
 - (5) a wetting agent; and

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- (6) water;
- (e) contacting said conductive layer with the plating bath;
- (f) providing electroplating power between said conductive layer and an anode disposed in electrical contact with said bath;
- (g) depositing copper onto the conductive layer at a rate of at least $2 \mu m/min$;
 - (h) applying a solder layer over the deposited copper;
- (i) removing said photoresist layer and thereafter etching away the exposed portions of said diffusion barrier and said conductive layer; and
 - (j) reflowing said solder layer.
 - 39. The process of Claim 38 wherein said plating bath comprises:
 - (a) $60-70 \text{ g/L of } \text{Cu}^{2+} \text{ wherein the source of } \text{Cu}^{2+} \text{ is } \text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O};$
 - (b) $75-85 \text{ g/L of H}_2SO_4$;
 - (c) 60-110 ppm of Cl— wherein the source of Cl— is HCl;
 - (d) 2-8 ml/L of a brightener;
 - (e) 2-10 ml/L of a wetting agent; and
 - (f) water.
- 40. The process of Claim 38 wherein, the plating bath further comprises a leveler.
- 41. A process for forming conductive feature employing through-mask plating comprising:
- (a) providing a microelectronic workpiece, the microelectronic workpiece including a passivation layer;
 - (b) applying a barrier layer over the passivation layer;
 - (c) applying a conductive layer over the barrier layer;
 - (d) applying a masking layer over the conductive layer;
- (e) patterning the masking layer to expose portions of the conductive layer;
- (f) electroplating copper onto the conductive layer at a rate of at least $2 \mu m/min$ by:

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- (1) contacting the conductive layer with a plating bath comprising:
 - a) $50-85 \text{ g/L of Cu}^{2+}$;
 - b) $50-100 \text{ g/L of H}_2\text{SO}_4$;
 - c) 30-150 ppm of C1⁻
 - d) a brightener;
 - e) a wetting agent; and
 - f) water, and
- (2) providing electroplating power between said conductive layer and an anode disposed in electrical contact with said bath
 - (g) removing the masking layer; and
- (h) removing at least portions of the barrier layer and conductive layer exposed by the removal of the masking layer.
- 42. The process of Claim 41, wherein the copper is electroplated onto the conductive layer at a rate of at least 4 $\mu m/min$.
 - 43. The process of Claim 41, wherein the bath further comprises a leveler.